
CONSTITUTION and RULES

BAYSIDE DISTRICT AMATEUR
RADIO SOCIETY Incorporated

BDARSinc. Management Committee

PO Box 411, Capalaba, Queensland 4157

Final Release – Issue 2

SPECIAL NOTES:-- This document supersedes any previous or past documents. This document is based upon the Model Rules as per the *Associations Incorporations Act 1981*.

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1. INTERPRETATION

- 1 (1) In this constitution and rules – **Act** means the *Associations Incorporations Act 1981*.
present—
 - (a) at a management committee meeting, see sub-rule 23(6); or
 - (b) at a general meeting, see sub-rule 37(2).
- (2) A word or expression that is not defined in this constitution and rules, but is defined in the Act has, if the context permits, the meaning given by the Act.

2. NAME

- 2 The name of the incorporated association shall be the “**Bayside District Amateur Radio Society Incorporated**” (in these rules called “the Society”).

3. OBJECTS

- 3 The objects for which the Society is established are:-
 - (1) the promotion of Amateur Radio in the community;
 - (2) to foster fellowship among amateurs in the Bayside district and local areas;
 - (3) to assist and encourage people of all ages in training for their Amateur Operator’s Licence;
 - (4) to provide a service to the community if requested.

4. POWERS

- 4 The Society has the powers of an individual and those powers of the Society are:-
 - (1) To take over the funds and other assets and liabilities of the present unincorporated Society known as the “Bayside Amateur Radio Society”;
 - (2) To subscribe to, become a member of and co-operate with any other association, club or organisation whether incorporated or not, whose objects are altogether or in part similar to those of the Society provided that the Society shall not subscribe to or support with its funds any club, association or organisation which does not prohibit the distribution of its income and property among its members to an extent at least as great as that imposed on the Society under or by virtue of rule 49;
 - (3) In furtherance of the objects of the Society to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of articles, commodities and provisions, both liquid and solid, for the members of the Society or persons frequenting the Society’s premises;
 - (4) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire and otherwise acquire any lands, buildings, easements or property, real and personal, and any rights or privileges which may be requisite for the purposes of, or capable of being conveniently used in connection with, any of the objects of the Society: Provided that in case the society

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shall take or hold any property which may be subject to any trusts the Society shall only deal with the same in such manner as is allowed by law having regard to such trusts;

- (5) To enter into any arrangements with any Government or Authority that are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects and the exercise of the powers of the Society; to obtain from any such Government or Authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the Society may think it desirable to obtain; and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;
- (6) To appoint, employ, remove or suspend such managers, clerks, secretaries, servants, workmen and other persons as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Society;
- (7) To remunerate any person or body corporate for services rendered, or to be rendered, and whether by way of brokerage or otherwise in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any unsecured notes, debentures or other securities of the incorporated Society or promotion of the incorporated Society or in the furtherance of its objects;
- (8) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out, alter or control any houses, buildings, grounds, works or conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Society's interests, and to contribute to, subsidise or otherwise assist and take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, development, working, management, carrying out, alteration or control thereof;
- (9) To invest and deal with the money of the Society not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be thought fit;
- (10) To take, or otherwise acquire, and hold shares, debentures or other securities of any company or body corporate;
- (11) In furtherance of the objects of the Society to lend and advance money or give credit to any person or body corporate; to guarantee and give guarantees or indemnities for the payment of money or the performance of contracts or obligations by any person or body corporate, and otherwise to assist any person or body corporate;
- (12) To borrow or raise money either alone or jointly with any other person or legal entity in such manner as may be thought proper and whether upon fluctuating advance account or overdraft or otherwise to represent or secure any moneys and further advances borrowed or to be borrowed alone or with others as aforesaid by notes secured or unsecured, debentures or debenture stock perpetual or otherwise, or by mortgage, charge, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the incorporated Society's property or assets present or future and to purchase, redeem or pay-off any such securities;
- (13) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount execute and make promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading and other negotiable or transferable instruments;
- (14) In furtherance of the objects of the Society to sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Society;
- (15) To take or hold mortgages, liens or charges, to secure payment of the purchase price, or any unpaid balance of the purchase price, of any part of the Society's property of

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whatsoever kind told by the Society, of any money due to the Society from purchasers and others;

- (16) To take any gift or property whether subject to any special trust or not, for any one or more of the objects of the Society but subject always to the proviso in sub-rule (4);
- (17) To take such steps by personal or written appeals, public meetings or otherwise, as may from time to time be deemed expedient for the purpose of procuring contributions to the funds of the Society, in the shape of donations, annual subscriptions or otherwise;
- (18) To print and publish any newspapers, periodicals, books or leaflets that the Society may think desirable for the promotion of its objects;
- (19) In furtherance of the objects of the Society to amalgamate with any one or more incorporated associations having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Society and which shall prohibit the distribution of its or their property among its or their members to an extent at least as great as that imposed upon the Society under or -by virtue of sub-rule 46(3);
- (20) In furtherance of the objects of the Society to purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the property, assets, liabilities and engagements of any one or more of the incorporated associations with which the Society is authorised to amalgamate;
- (21) In furtherance of the objects of the Society to transfer all or any part of the property, assets, liabilities and engagements of the Society to any one or more of the incorporated associations with which the Society is authorised to amalgamate;
- (22) To make donations for patriotic, charitable or community purposes;
- (23) To transact any lawful business in aid of the Commonwealth of Australia in the prosecution of any war in which the Commonwealth of Australia is engaged;
- (24) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects and the exercise of the powers of the Society.

5. CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP

- 5 (1) The membership of the Society shall consist of **ordinary members**, and any of the following members:--
 - (a) **student members**. A person who is a full-time student at a secondary or tertiary institution shall be eligible for student membership;
 - (b) **associate members**;
 - (c) **family membership** . Members of the of the family must reside at the same residence;
 - (c) **life members**;
 - (d) **honorary members**.
- (2) The number of members in each class shall be unlimited;

6. AUTOMATIC MEMBERSHIP

6. Every person who, at the date of incorporation of the Society was a member of the unincorporated association and who on or before the day of incorporation agrees in writing to become a member of the Society shall be admitted by the Management Committee to the same class of membership of the Society as that member held in the unincorporated association, and shall not be required to pay any further subscription until the next due date for payment of that subscription;

7. NEW MEMBERSHIP

7. Every applicant for any class of membership of the Society (other than the members of the unincorporated Association referred to in rule 2.) shall be proposed by one member (the *proposer*) of the Society and seconded by another member (the *seconder*). The application for membership shall be made in writing, signed by the applicant and his proposer and seconder and shall be in such form as the Management Committee from time to time subscribes.

8. MEMBERSHIP FEES

8. (1) The membership fee for each ordinary membership and for each other class of membership (if any)—
- (a) is the amount decided by the members from time to time at a general meeting; and
 - (b) is payable when, and in the way, the management committee decides.
- (2) A member of the incorporated association who, before becoming a member, has paid the members annual subscription for membership of the unincorporated association on or before a day fixed by the management committee, is not liable to pay a further amount of annual subscription for the period before the day fixed by the management committee as the day on which the next annual subscription is payable.

9. ADMISSION AND REJECTION OF NEW MEMBERS

9. (1) The management committee must consider an application for membership at the next committee meeting held after it receives—
- (a) the application for membership; and
 - (b) the appropriate membership fee for the application.
- (2) The management committee must ensure that, as soon as possible after the person applies to become a member of the association, and before the management committee considers the persons application, the person is advised—
- (a) whether or not the association has public liability insurance; and
 - (b) if the association has public liability insurance—the amount of the insurance.
- (3) The management committee must decide at the meeting whether to accept or reject the application.

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- (4) If a majority of the members of the management committee present at the meeting vote to accept the applicant as a member, the applicant must be accepted as a member for the class of membership applied for.
- (5) The secretary of the association must, as soon as practicable after the management committee decides to accept or reject an application, give the applicant a written notice of the decision.

10. WHEN TERMINATION OR END OF MEMBERSHIP

- 10** (1) A member may resign from the Society at any time by giving notice in writing to the secretary.
- (2) The resignation shall take effect at—
 - (a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
 - (b) if a later time is stated in the notice—the later time.
- (3) The management committee may terminate a membership if a member--
 - (a) is convicted of an indictable offence; or
 - (b) does not comply with any of the provisions of these rules; or
 - (c) has membership fees in arrears for a period of two months or more; or
 - (d) conducts himself in a manner considered to be injurious or prejudicial to the character or interests of the Society.
- (4) Before the management committee terminates a member's membership, the committee must give the member a full and fair opportunity to show why the membership should not be terminated.
- (5) If, after considering all representations made by the member, the management committee decides to terminate the membership, the secretary of the committee must give the member a written notice of the decision.

11. APPEAL AGAINST REJECTION OR TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP

- 11** (1) A person whose application for membership has been rejected, or whose membership has been terminated, may give the secretary written notice of the persons intention to appeal against the decision.
- (2) A notice of intention to appeal must be given to the secretary within 1 month after the person receives written notice of the decision.
- (3) If the secretary receives a notice of intention to appeal, the secretary must, within 1 month after receiving the notice, call a general meeting to decide the appeal.

12. GENERAL MEETING TO DECIDE APPEAL

- 12** (1) The general meeting to decide an appeal must be held within 3 months after the secretary receives the notice of intention to appeal.

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- (2) At the meeting, the applicant must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should not be rejected or the membership should not be terminated.
- (3) Also, the management committee and the members of the committee who rejected the application or terminated the membership must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should be rejected or the membership should be terminated.
- (4) An appeal must be decided by a majority vote of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting.
- (5) If a person whose application for membership has been rejected does not appeal against the decision within 1 month after receiving written notice of the decision, or the person appeals but the appeal is unsuccessful, the secretary must, as soon as practicable, refund the membership fee paid by the person.

13. REGISTER OF MEMBERS

- 13**
- (1) The management committee shall cause a Register to be kept in which shall be entered the names and residential addresses of all persons admitted to membership of the Society and the dates of their admission.
 - (2) Particulars shall also be entered into the Register of deaths, resignations, terminations and reinstatements of membership and any further particulars as the Management Committee or the members at any general meeting may require from time to time.
 - (3) The Register shall be open for inspection by members of the Society at all reasonable times. A member must contact the secretary to arrange an inspection of the register.
 - (4) However, the management committee may, on the application of a member of the Society, withhold information about the member (other than the members full name) from the register available for inspection if the management committee has reasonable grounds for believing the disclosure of the information would put the member at risk of harm.

14. PROHIBITION ON USE OF INFORMATION ON REGISTER OF MEMBERS

- 14**
- (1) A member of the Society must not—
 - (a) use information obtained from the register of members of the Society to contact, or send material to, another member of the Society for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes; or
 - (b) disclose information obtained from the register to someone else, knowing that the information is likely to be used to contact, or send material to, another member of the Society for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes.
 - (2) Sub-rule 14(1) does not apply if the use or disclosure of the information is approved by the Society.

15. APPOINTMENT OR ELECTION OF SECRETARY

- 15 (1) The secretary must be an individual residing in Queensland, or in another State but not more than 65km from the Queensland border, who is—
- (a) a member of the Society elected by the Society as secretary; or
 - (b) any of the following persons appointed by the management committee as secretary—
 - (i) a member of the Society management committee;
 - (ii) another member of the Society;
 - (iii) another person.
- (2) If the Society has not elected an interim officer as secretary for the Society before its incorporation, the members of the management committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected for the association within 1 month after incorporation.
- (3) If a vacancy happens in the office of secretary, the members of the management committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected for the Society within 1 month after the vacancy happens.
- (4) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in sub-rule 15(1)(b)(ii) as secretary, other than to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person does not become a member of the management committee.
- (5) However, if the management committee appoints a person mentioned in sub-rule 15(1)(b)(ii) as secretary to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person becomes a member of the management committee.
- (6) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in sub-rule 15(1)(b)(iii) as secretary, the person does not become a member of the management committee.
- (7) In this rule— **casual vacancy**, on a management committee, means a vacancy that happens when an elected member of the management committee resigns, dies or otherwise stops holding office.

16. REMOVAL OF SECRETARY

- 16 (1) The management committee of the Society may at any time remove a person appointed by the committee as the secretary.
- (2) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in sub-rule 15(1)(b)(i), the person remains a member of the management committee.
- (3) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in sub-rule 15(1)(b)(ii) and who has been appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under rule 15(5), the person remains a member of the management committee.

17. FUNCTIONS OF SECRETARY

- 17 The secretary's functions include, but are not limited to—

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- (a) calling meetings of the Society, including preparing notices of a meeting and of the business to be conducted at the meeting in consultation with the president of the Society; and
- (b) keeping minutes of each meeting; and
- (c) keeping copies of all correspondence and other documents relating to the Society; and
- (d) maintaining the register of members of the Society.

18. MEMBERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 18 (1) The management committee of the Society consists of a president, treasurer, and any other members the Society members elect at a general meeting.
- (2) A member of the management committee, other than a secretary appointed by the management committee under sub-rule 15(1)(b)(iii), must be a member of the Society.
- (3) At each annual general meeting of the Society, the members of the management committee must retire from office, but are eligible, on nomination, for re-election.
- (4) A member of the Society may be appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under rule 21.

19. ELECTING THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 19 (1) A member of the management committee may only be elected as follows—
- (a) any 2 members of the Society may nominate another member (the ***candidate***) to serve as a member of the management committee;
 - (b) the nomination must be—
 - (i) in writing; and
 - (ii) signed by the candidate and the members who nominated him or her; and
 - (iii) given to the secretary at least 14 days before the annual general meeting at which the election is to be held;
 - (c) each member of the Society present and eligible to vote at the annual general meeting may vote for 1 candidate for each vacant position on the management committee;
 - (d) if, at the start of the meeting, there are not enough candidates nominated, nominations may be taken from the floor of the meeting.
- (2) A person may be a candidate only if the person—
- (a) is an adult; and
 - (b) is not ineligible to be elected as a member under section 61A of the Act.
- (3) A list of the candidates names in alphabetical order, with the names of the members who nominated each candidate, must be posted in a conspicuous place in the office or usual place of meeting of the Society for at least 7 days immediately preceding the annual general meeting.
- (4) If required by the management committee, balloting lists must be prepared containing the names of the candidates in alphabetical order.

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- (5) The management committee must ensure that, before a candidate is elected as a member of the management committee, the candidate is advised—
 - (a) whether or not the Society has public liability insurance; and
 - (b) if the Society has public liability insurance—the amount of the insurance.

20. RESIGNATION, REMOVAL OR VACATION OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEMBER

- 20** (1) A member of the management committee may resign from the committee by giving written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- (2) The resignation takes effect at—
 - (a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
 - (b) if a later time is stated in the notice—the later time.
- (3) A member may be removed from office at a general meeting of the Society if a majority of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting vote in favour of removing the member.
- (4) Before a vote of members is taken about removing the member from office, the member must be given a full and fair opportunity to show-cause why he or she should not be removed from office.
- (5) A member has no right of appeal against the members removal from office under this rule.
- (6) A member immediately vacates the office of member in the circumstances mentioned in section 64(2) of the Act.

21. VACANCIES ON MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 21** (1) If a casual vacancy happens on the management committee, the continuing members of the committee may appoint another member of the Society to fill the vacancy until the next annual general meeting.
- (2) The continuing members of the management committee may act despite a casual vacancy on the management committee.
- (3) However, if the number of committee members is less than the number fixed under rule 24(1) as a quorum of the management committee, the continuing members may act only to—
 - (a) increase the number of management committee members to the number required for a quorum; or
 - (b) call a general meeting of the Society.

22. FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 22 (1) Subject to these rules or a resolution of the members of the Society carried at a general meeting, the management committee has the general control and management of the administration of the affairs, property and funds of the Society.
- (2) The management committee has authority to interpret the meaning of these rules and any matter relating to the Society on which the rules are silent, but any interpretation must have regard to the Act, including any regulation made under the Act.

Note—

The Act prevails if the Society's rules are inconsistent with the Act—see section 1B of the Act.

- (3) The management committee may exercise the powers of the Society—
- (a) to borrow, raise or secure the payment of amounts in a way the members of the Society decide; and
 - (b) to secure the amounts mentioned in paragraph (a) or the payment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the Society in any way, including by the issue of debentures (perpetual or otherwise) charged upon the whole or part of the Society's property, both present and future; and
 - (c) to purchase, redeem or pay off any securities issued; and
 - (d) to borrow amounts from members and pay interest on the amounts borrowed; and
 - (e) to mortgage or charge the whole or part of its property; and
 - (f) to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Society; and
 - (g) to provide and pay off any securities issued; and
 - (h) to invest in a way the members of the Society may from time to time decide.
- (4) For sub-rule 22(3)(d), the rate of interest must not be more than the current rate being charged for overdrawn accounts on money lent (regardless of the term of the loan) by—
- (a) the financial institution for the Society; or
 - (b) if there is more than 1 financial institution for the Society—the financial institution nominated by the management committee.

23. MEETINGS OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 23 (1) Subject to this rule, the management committee may meet and conduct its proceedings as it considers appropriate.
- (2) The management committee must meet at least once every 2 months to exercise its functions.
- (3) The management committee must decide how a meeting is to be called.
- (4) Notice of a meeting is to be given in the way decided by the management committee.

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- (5) The management committee may hold meetings, or permit a committee member to take part in its meetings, by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
- (6) A committee member who participates in the meeting as mentioned in sub-rule 23(5) is taken to be present at the meeting.
- (7) A question arising at a committee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of members of the committee present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided in the negative.
- (8) A member of the management committee must not vote on a question about a contract or proposed contract with the Society if the member has an interest in the contract or proposed contract and, if the member does vote, the members vote must not be counted.
- (9) The president is to preside as chairperson at a management committee meeting.
- (10) If there is no president or if the president is not present within 10 minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting, the members may choose 1 of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

24. QUORUM FOR, AND ADJOURNMENT OF, MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEETING

- 24**
- (1) At a management committee meeting, more than 50% of the members elected to the committee as at the close of the last general meeting of the members form a quorum.
 - (2) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting called on the request of members of the committee, the meeting lapses.
 - (3) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting called other than on the request of the members of the committee—
 - (a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least 1 day; and
 - (b) the members of the management committee who are present are to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
 - (4) If, at an adjourned meeting mentioned in sub-rule 24(3), there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for the meeting, the meeting lapses.

25. SPECIAL MEETING OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 25**
- (1) If the secretary receives a written request signed by at least 33% of the members of the management committee, the secretary must call a special meeting of the committee by

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giving each member of the committee notice of the meeting within 14 days after the secretary receives the request.

- (2) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- (3) A request for a special meeting must state—
 - (a) why the special meeting is called; and
 - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (4) A notice of a special meeting must state—
 - (a) the day, time and place of the meeting; and
 - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (5) A special meeting of the management committee must be held within 14 days after notice of the meeting is given to the members of the management committee.

26. MINUTES OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEETINGS

- 26 (1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each management committee meeting are entered in a minute book.
- (2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes, the minutes of each management committee meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next management committee meeting, verifying their accuracy.

27. APPOINTMENT OF SUBCOMMITTEES

- 27 (1) The management committee may appoint a subcommittee consisting of members of the Society considered appropriate by the committee to help with the conduct of the Society's operations.
- (2) A member of the subcommittee who is not a member of the management committee is not entitled to vote at a management committee meeting.
- (3) A subcommittee may elect a chairperson of its meetings.
- (4) If a chairperson is not elected, or if the chairperson is not present within 10 minutes after the time fixed for a meeting, the members present may choose 1 of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
- (5) A subcommittee may meet and adjourn as it considers appropriate.
- (6) A question arising at a subcommittee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of the members present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided in the negative.

28. ACTS NOT AFFECTED BY DEFECTS OR DISQUALIFICATIONS

- 28** (1) An act performed by the management committee, a subcommittee or a person acting as a member of the management committee is taken to have been validly performed.
- (2) Sub-rule 28(1) applies even if the act was performed when—
- (a) there was a defect in the appointment of a member of the management committee, subcommittee or person acting as a member of the management committee; or
 - (b) a management committee member, subcommittee member or person acting as a member of the management committee was disqualified from being a member.

29. RESOLUTIONS OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE WITHOUT MEETING

- 29** (1) A written resolution signed by each member of the management committee is as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a committee meeting that was properly called and held.
- (2) A resolution mentioned in sub-rule 29(1) may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by 1 or more members of the committee.

30. FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- 30** The first annual general meeting must be held within 6 months after the end date of the Society's first reportable financial year.

31. SUBSEQUENT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

- 31** Each subsequent annual general meeting must be held—
- (a) at least once each year; and
 - (b) within 6 months after the end date of the Society's reportable financial year.

32. BUSINESS TO BE CONDUCTED AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF LEVEL 1 INCORPORATED ASSOCIATION AND PARTICULAR LEVEL 2 AND 3 INCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS

- 32** (1) This rule applies only if the Society is—
- (a) a level 1 incorporated association; or
 - (b) a level 2 incorporated association to which section 59 of the Act applies; or
 - (c) a level 3 incorporated association to which section 59 of the Act applies.
- (2) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the Society—

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- (a) receiving the Society's financial statement, and audit report, for the last reportable financial year;
- (b) presenting the financial statement and audit report to the meeting for adoption;
- (c) electing members of the management committee;
- (d) for a level 1 incorporated association—appointing an auditor or an accountant for the present financial year;
- (e) for a level 2 incorporated association, or a level 3 incorporated association, to which section 59 of the Act applies—appointing an auditor, an accountant or an approved person for the present financial year.

33. BUSINESS TO BE CONDUCTED AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF OTHER LEVEL 2 INCORPORATED ASSOCIATION

- 33** (1) This rule applies only if the Society is a level 2 incorporated association to which section 59A of the Act applies.
- (2) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the Society—
- (a) receiving the Society's financial statement, and signed statement, for the last reportable financial year;
 - (b) presenting the financial statement and signed statement to the meeting for adoption;
 - (c) electing members of the management committee;
 - (d) appointing an auditor, an accountant or an approved person for the present financial year.

34. BUSINESS TO BE CONDUCTED AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF OTHER LEVEL 3 INCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS

- 34** (1) This rule applies only if the Society is a level 3 incorporated association to which section 59B of the Act applies.
- (2) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the Society—
- (a) receiving the Society's financial statement, and signed statement, for the last reportable financial year;
 - (b) presenting the financial statement and signed statement to the meeting for adoption;
 - (c) electing members of the management committee.

35. NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING

- 35** (1) The secretary may call a general meeting of the Society.
- (2) The secretary must give at least 14 days notice of the meeting to each member of the Society.

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- (3) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- (4) The management committee may decide the way in which the notice must be given.
- (5) However, notice of the following meetings must be given in writing—
 - (a) a meeting called to hear and decide the appeal of a person against the management committee's decision—
 - (i) to reject the person's application for membership of the Society; or
 - (ii) to terminate the person's membership of the Society;
 - (b) a meeting called to hear and decide a proposed special resolution of the Society.
- (6) A notice of a general meeting must state the business to be conducted at the meeting.

36. QUORUM FOR, AND ADJOURNMENT OF, GENERAL MEETING

- 36**
- (1) The quorum for a general meeting is at least the number of members elected or appointed to the management committee at the close of the Society's last general meeting plus 1.
 - (2) However, if all members of the Society are members of the management committee, the quorum is the total number of members less 1.
 - (3) No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless there is a quorum of members when the meeting proceeds to business.
 - (4) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called on the request of members of the management committee or the Society, the meeting lapses.
 - (5) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called other than on the request of members of the management committee or the Society—
 - (a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least 7 days; and
 - (b) the management committee is to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
 - (6) The chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which there is a quorum, and must if directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
 - (7) If a meeting is adjourned under sub-rule 36(6), only the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place may be conducted at the adjourned meeting.
 - (8) The secretary is not required to give the members notice of an adjournment or of the business to be conducted at an adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for at least 30 days.
 - (9) If a meeting is adjourned for at least 30 days, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given in the same way notice is given for an original meeting.

37. PROCEDURE AT GENERAL MEETING

- 37** (1) A member may take part and vote in a general meeting in person, by proxy, by attorney or by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
- (2) A member who participates in a meeting as mentioned in sub-rule 37(1) is taken to be present at the meeting.
- (3) At each general meeting—
- (a) the president is to preside as chairperson; and
 - (b) if there is no president or if the president is not present within 15 minutes after the time fixed for the meeting or is unwilling to act, the members present must elect 1 of their number to be chairperson of the meeting; and
 - (c) the chairperson must conduct the meeting in a proper and orderly way.

38. VOTING AT GENERAL MEETING

- 38** (1) At a general meeting, each question, matter or resolution, other than a special resolution, must be decided by a majority of votes of the members present.
- (2) Each member present and eligible to vote is entitled to 1 vote only and, if the votes are equal, the chairperson has a casting vote as well as a primary vote.
- (3) A member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting if the member's annual subscription is in arrears at the date of the meeting.
- (4) The method of voting is to be decided by the management committee.
- (5) However, if at least 20% of the members present demand a secret ballot, voting must be by secret ballot.
- (6) If a secret ballot is held, the chairperson must appoint 2 members to conduct the secret ballot in the way the chairperson decides.
- (7) The result of a secret ballot as declared by the chairperson is taken to be a resolution of the meeting at which the ballot was held.

39. SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

- 39** (1) The secretary must call a special general meeting by giving each member of the Society notice of the meeting within 14 days after—
- (a) being directed to call the meeting by the management committee; or
 - (b) being given a written request signed by—
 - (i) at least 33% of the number of members of the management committee when the request is signed; or
 - (ii) at least the number of ordinary members of the Society equal to double the number of members of the Society on the management committee when the request is signed plus 1; or

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- (c) being given a written notice of an intention to appeal against the decision of the management committee—
 - (i) to reject an application for membership; or
 - (ii) to terminate a person's membership.
- (2) A request mentioned in sub-rule 39(1)(b) must state—
 - (a) why the special general meeting is being called; and
 - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (3) A special general meeting must be held within 3 months after the secretary—
 - (a) is directed to call the meeting by the management committee; or
 - (b) is given the written request mentioned in sub-rule 39(1)(b); or
 - (c) is given the written notice of an intention to appeal mentioned in sub-rule 39(1)(c).
- (4) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.

40. PROXIES

- 40 (1) An instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing and be in the following or similar form—

Bayside District Amateur Radio Society Incorporated:

I, _____ of _____, being

a member of the Society, appoint

_____ of

as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the (annual) general meeting of the Society, to be

held on the _____ day of _____ 20_____

Signed this _____ day of _____ 20_____ .

Signature:

- (2) The instrument appointing a proxy must—
 - (a) if the appointor is an individual—be signed by the appointor or the appointor's attorney properly authorised in writing; or
 - (b) if the appointor is a corporation—
 - (i) be under seal; or
 - (ii) be signed by a properly authorised officer or attorney of the corporation.
- (3) A proxy may be a member of the Society or another person.
- (4) The instrument appointing a proxy is taken to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a secret ballot.

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- (5) Each instrument appointing a proxy must be given to the secretary before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote.
- (6) Unless otherwise instructed by the appointor, the proxy may vote as the proxy considers appropriate.
- (7) If a member wants a proxy to vote for or against a resolution, the instrument appointing the proxy must be in the following or similar form—

Bayside District Amateur Radio Society Incorporated:

I, _____ of _____, being
a member of the Society, appoint
_____ of
_____ as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the (annual) general meeting of the Society, to be held on the _____ day of _____ 20____
and at any adjournment of the meeting.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 20____.

Signature: _____

This form is to be used *in favour of/*against [*strike out whichever is not wanted*] the following resolutions—

[List relevant resolutions]

41. MINUTES OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 41**
- (1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each general meeting are entered in a minute book.
 - (2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes—
 - (a) the minutes of each general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next general meeting, verifying their accuracy; and
 - (b) the minutes of each annual general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next meeting of the Society that is a general meeting or annual general meeting, verifying their accuracy.
 - (3) If asked by a member of the Society, the secretary must, within 28 days after the request is made—
 - (a) make the minute book for a particular general meeting available for inspection by the member at a mutually agreed time and place; and
 - (b) give the member copies of the minutes of the meeting.

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- (4) The Society may require the member to pay the reasonable costs of providing copies of the minutes.

42. BY-LAWS

- 42 (1) The management committee may make, amend or repeal by-laws, not inconsistent with these rules, for the internal management of the Society.
- (2) A by-law may be set aside by a vote of members at a general meeting of the Society.

43. ALTERATION OF RULES

- 43 (1) Subject to the Act, these rules may be amended, repealed or added to by a special resolution carried at a general meeting.
- (2) However an amendment, repeal or addition is valid only if it is registered by the chief executive.

44. COMMON SEAL

- 44 (1) The management committee must ensure the Society has a common seal.
- (2) The common seal must be—
 - (a) kept securely by the management committee; and
 - (b) used only under the authority of the management committee.
- (3) Each instrument to which the seal is attached must be signed by a member of the management committee and countersigned by—
 - (a) the secretary; or
 - (b) another member of the management committee; or
 - (c) someone authorised by the management committee.

45. FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS

- 45 (1) The funds of the Society must be kept in an account in the name of the Society in a financial institution decided by the management committee.
- (2) Records and accounts must be kept in the English language showing full and accurate particulars of the financial affairs of the Society.
- (3) All amounts must be deposited in the financial institution account as soon as practicable after receipt.
- (4) A payment by the Society of \$100 or more must be made by cheque or electronic funds transfer.

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- (5) If a payment of \$100 or more is made by cheque, the cheque must be signed by any 2 of the following—
 - (a) the president;
 - (b) the secretary;
 - (c) the treasurer;
 - (d) any 1 of 3 other members of the Society who have been authorised by the management committee to sign cheques issued by the Society.
- (6) However, 1 of the persons who signs the cheque must be the president, the secretary or the treasurer.
- (7) Cheques, other than cheques for wages, allowances or petty cash recoupment, must be crossed "*Not Negotiable*".
- (8) A petty cash account must be kept on the imprest system, and the management committee must decide the amount of petty cash to be kept in the account.
- (9) All expenditure must be approved or ratified at a management committee meeting.

46. GENERAL FINANCIAL MATTERS

- 46** (1) On behalf of the management committee, the treasurer must, as soon as practicable after the end date of each financial year, ensure a financial statement for its last reportable financial year is prepared.
- (2) The income and property of the Society must be used solely in promoting the Society's objects and exercising the Society's powers.
- (3) The income and property of the Society whencesoever derived shall be used and applied solely in the promotion of its objects and in the exercise of its powers as set out herein and no portion thereof shall be distributed, paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to or amongst the members of the Society provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the payment in good faith of interest to any member in respect of moneys advanced by him/she to the Society or otherwise owing by the Society to him/she or of remuneration to any officers or servants of the Society or to any member of the Society or other person in return for any services actually rendered to the Society provided further that nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prevent to any member of out of pocket expenses, money lent, reasonable and proper charges for goods hired by the Society or reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let to the Society.

47. DOCUMENTS

- 47** The management committee must ensure the safe custody of books, documents, instruments of title and securities of the Society.

48. FINANCIAL YEAR

48 The end date of the Society's financial year is December 31 in each year.

49. DISTRIBUTION OF SURPLUS ASSETS TO ANOTHER ENTITY

- 49 (1) This rule applies if the Society—
- (a) is wound-up under part 10 of the Act; and
 - (b) has surplus assets, any property whatsoever; and
 - (c) after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities.
- (2) The surplus assets must not be distributed among the members of the Society.
- (3) The surplus assets must be given to another entity—
- (a) having objects similar to the Society's objects; and
 - (b) the rules of which prohibit the distribution of the entity's income and assets to its members.
- (4) In this rule— *surplus assets* see section 92(3) of the Act..
